



Wapolu Detachment-Related Gold Deposit, Fergusson Island, Papua New Guinea

Stuart Munroe (SRK Consulting) & Martin Wilson (Arc Gold Projects)



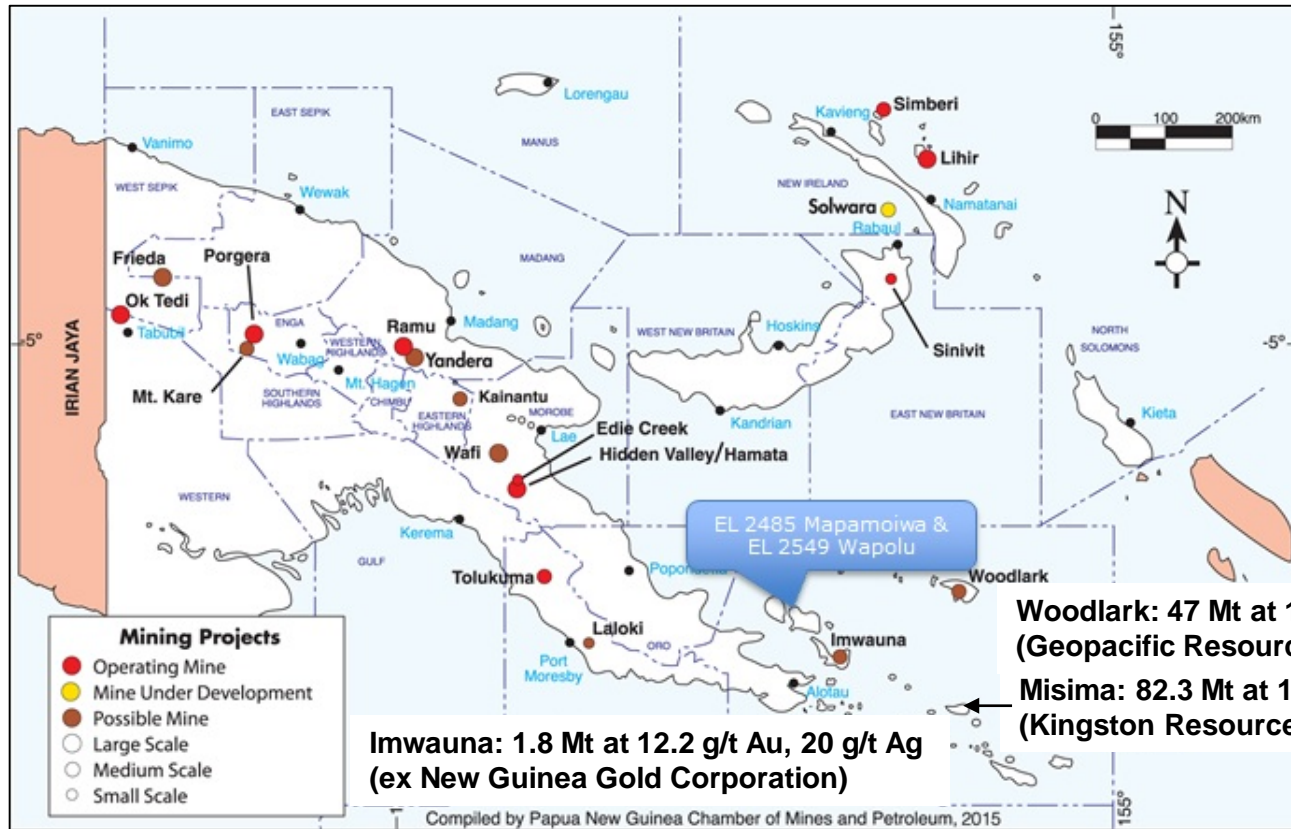


Forward Looking Statements:

This presentation may contain forward-looking statements that are subject to risk factors associated with exploration, mine development, mining and processing. Forward-looking statements include those containing such words as anticipate, estimates, should, will, expects, plans or similar expressions.

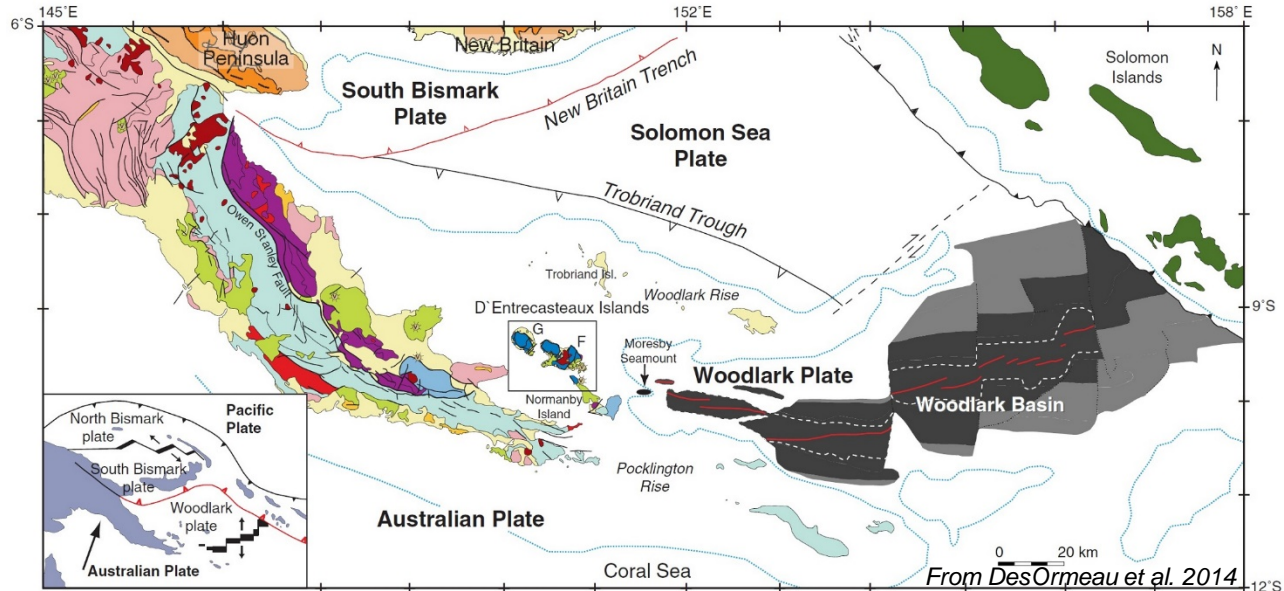
It is believed that the expectations reflected in these statements are reasonable but they may be affected by a range of variables and changes in underlying assumptions which could cause actual results or trends to differ materially. These include, but are not limited to: price and currency fluctuations, actual demand, production results, exploration results, resource and reserve estimates, loss of market, industry competition, environmental risks, physical risks, legislative and regulatory developments, economic and financial market conditions in various countries and regions, political risks, project delay or advancement, approvals and cost estimates.

Location



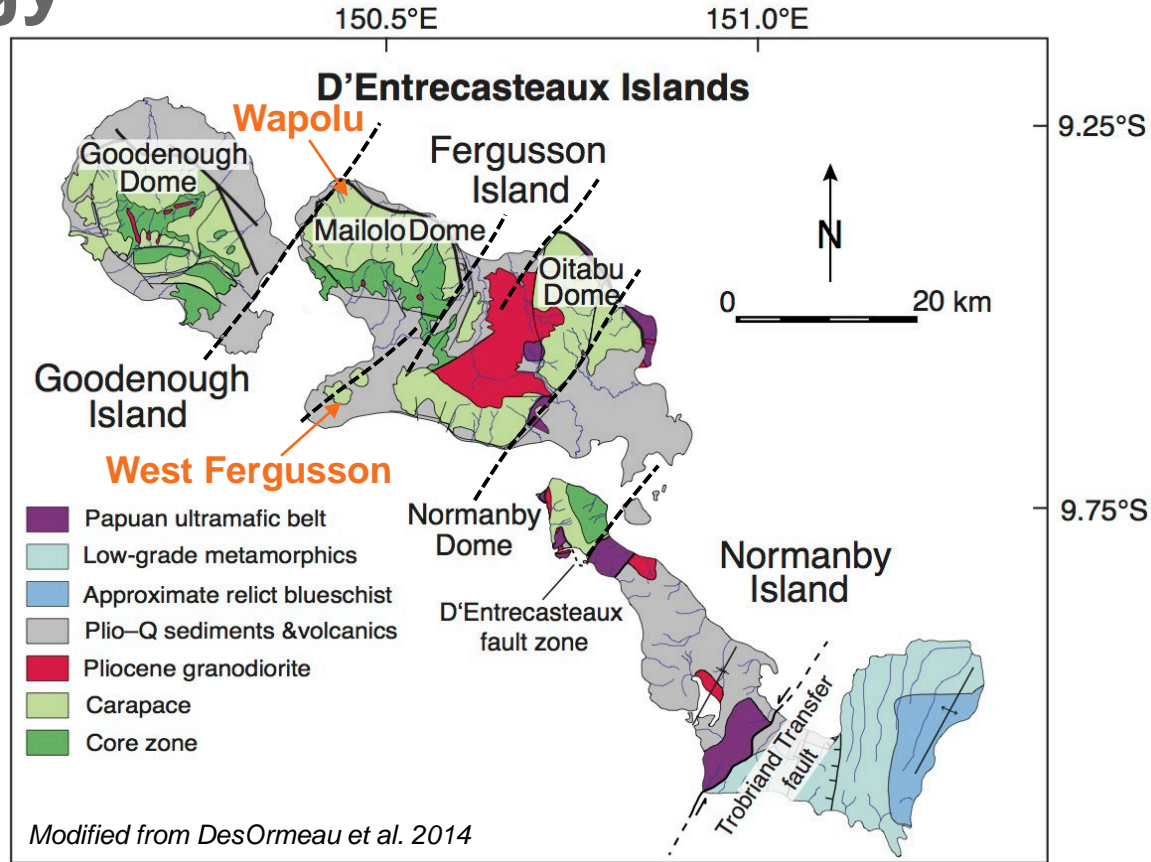
Imwauna: 1.8 Mt at 12.2 g/t Au, 20 g/t Ag (ex New Guinea Gold Corporation)

Location

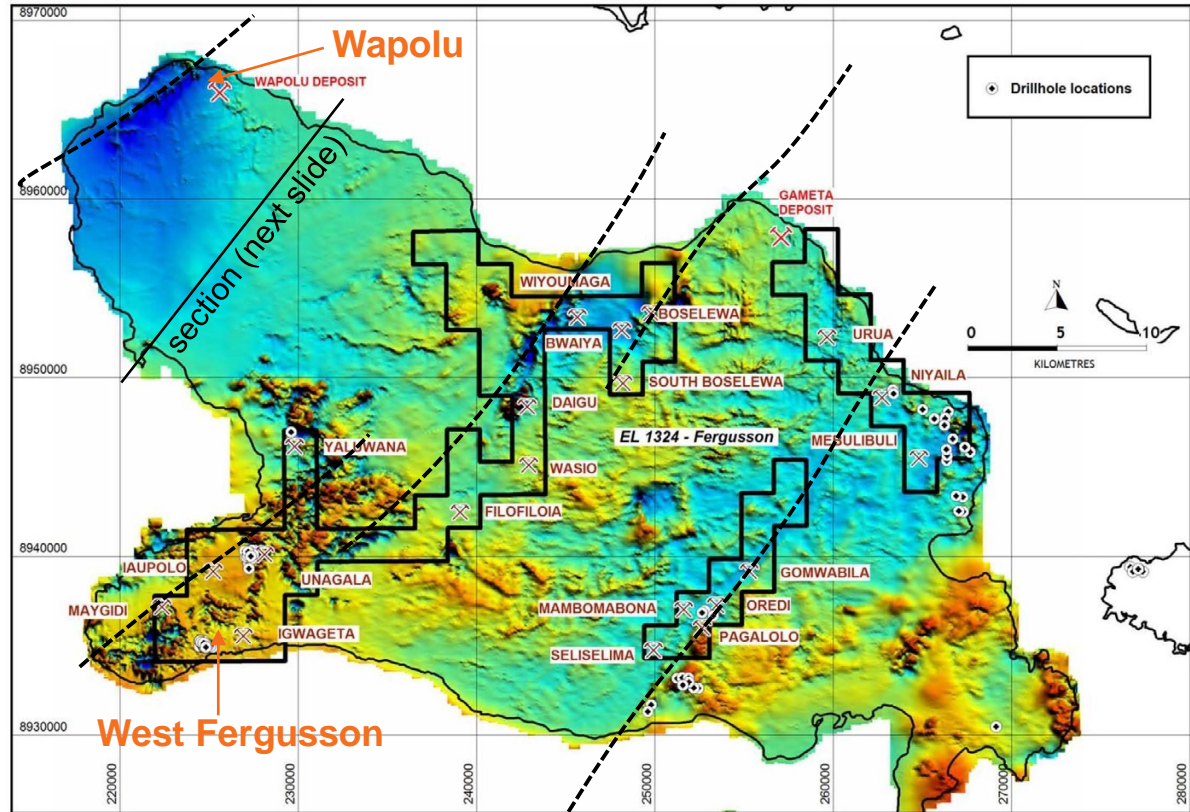


- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Active volcano Fault 2000m isobath Active subduction zone Possible subduction zone Inactive subduction zone Rift axis | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oceanic crust, formed <2 Myr ago Oceanic crust, formed 2-4 Myr ago Oceanic crust, formed >4 Myr ago Pliocene-Quaternary sedimentary and volcanic rocks Miocene-Pliocene intrusive rocks Miocene sedimentary and volcanic rocks Low-grade meta-sedimentary rocks and basalts (Owen Stanley metamorphics) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blueschists meta-sedimentary rocks and basalts Eclogite/amphibolite-facies meta-sed. rocks and basalts Oligocene intrusive rocks Eocene-Oligocene sedimentary rocks and basalts Ophiolite, Mz gabbro and basalt (PUB) Eocene and younger, sedimentary rocks and basalts of the South Bismark Plate Undifferentiated rocks of the Solomon Islands |
|--|--|---|

Geology

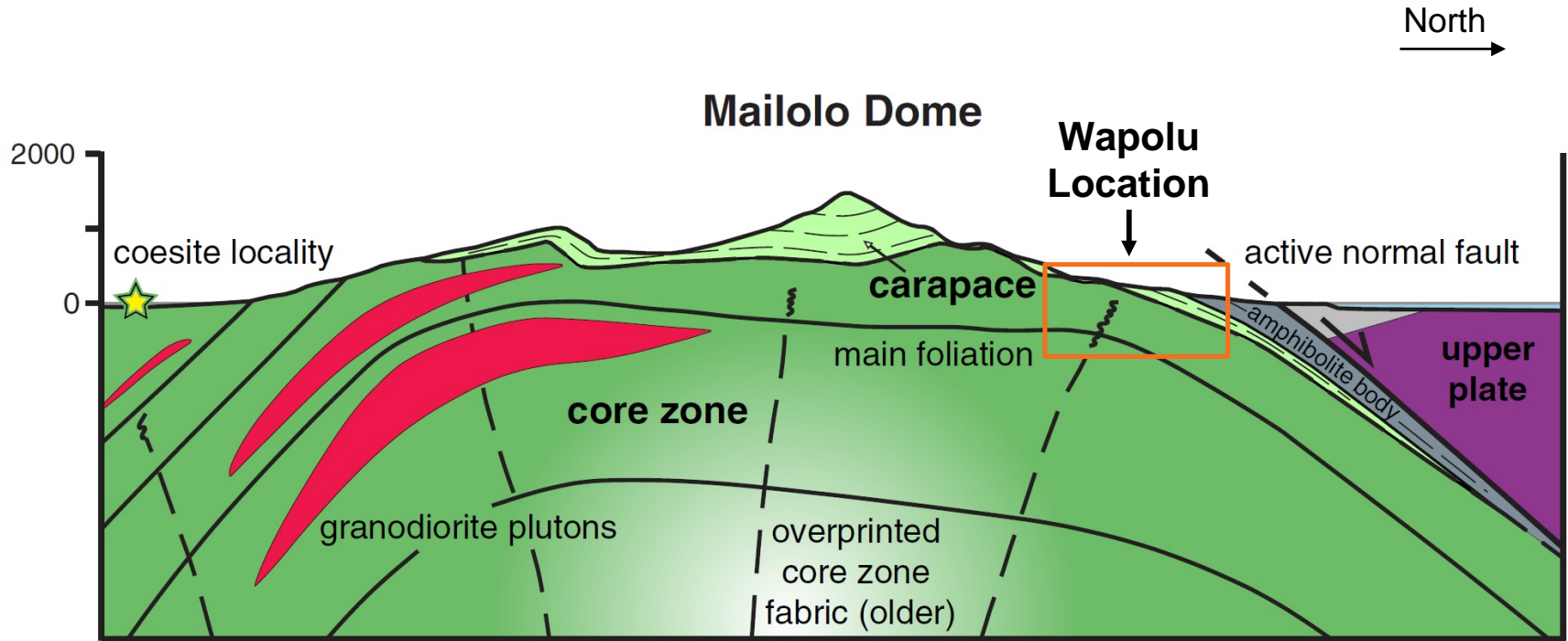


Fergusson Island



New Guinea Gold Corporation, April 2007

Detachment Fault Zone

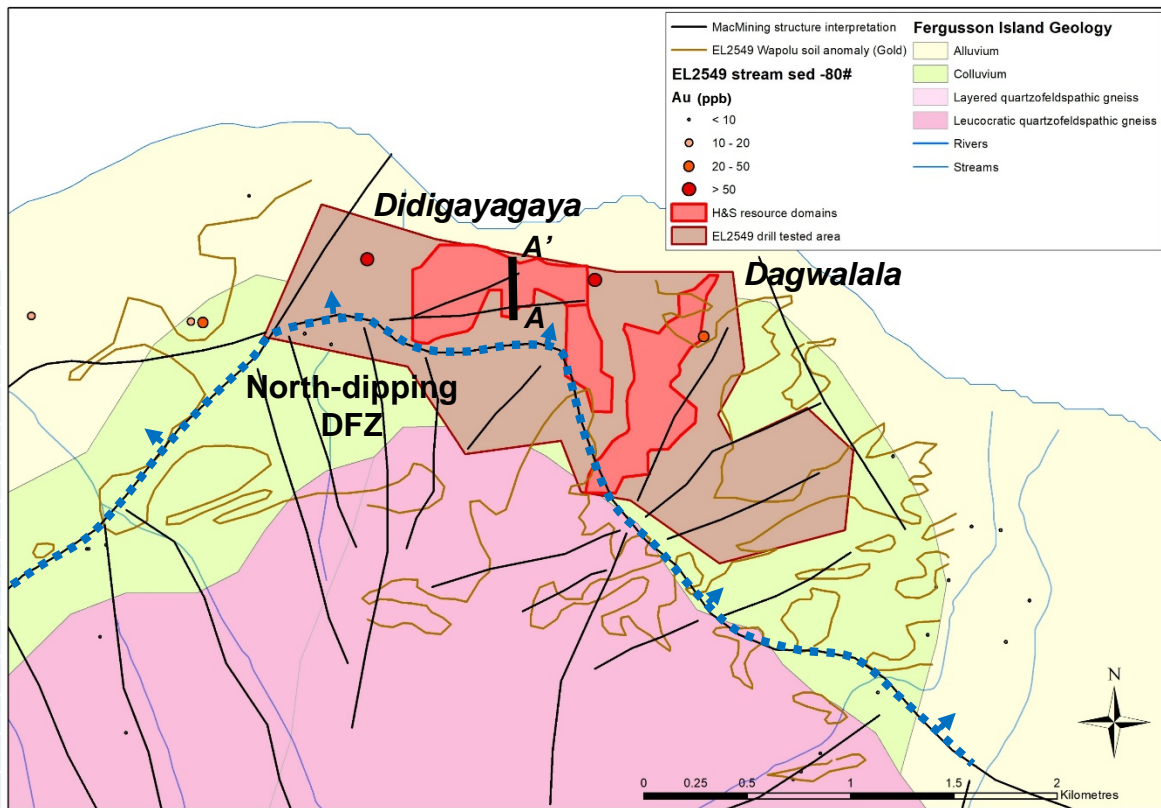


DesOrmeau et al. 2014

Wapolu

- 202 drill holes
- 18,000 metres
- Shallow drilling
- Focus on detachment fault
- No core photos, patchy QA/QC

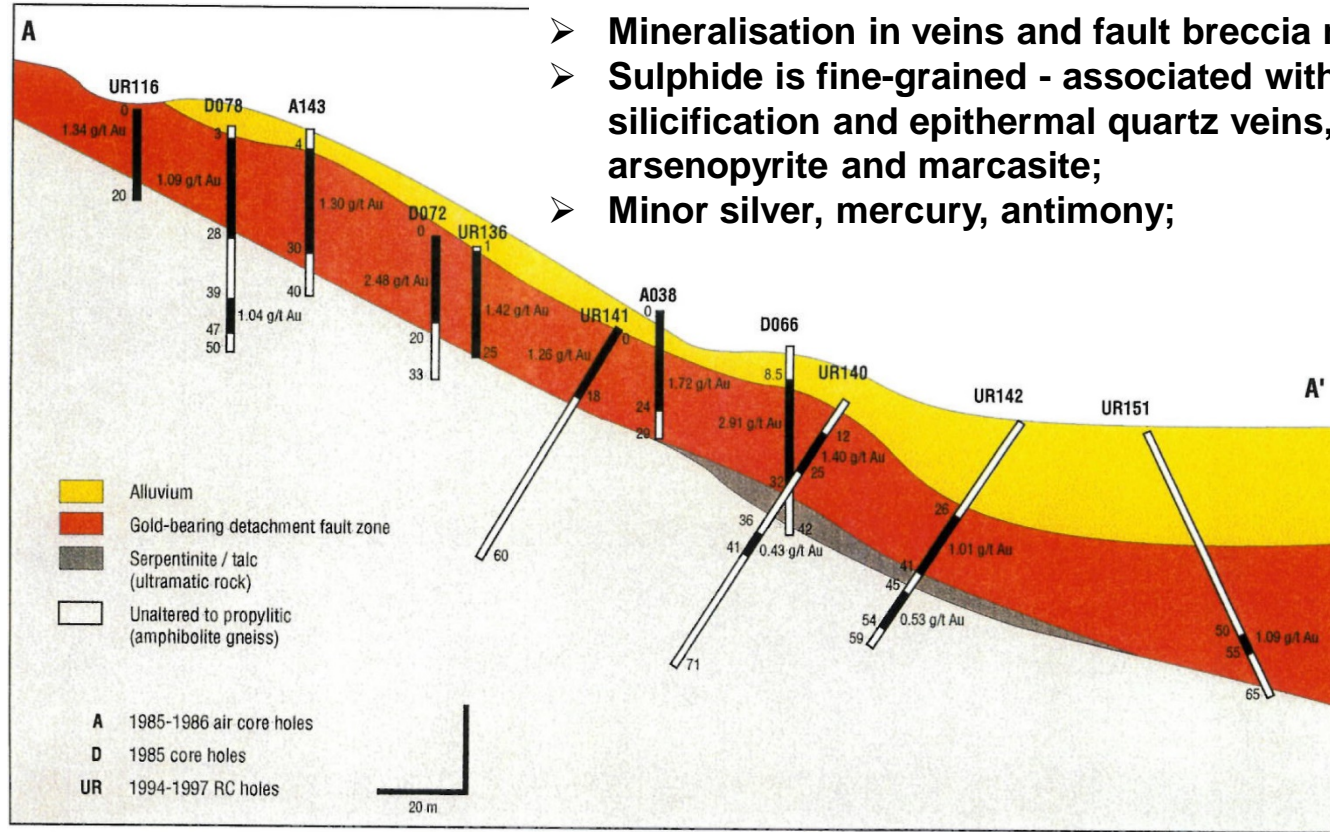
Type	Number	Metres	Date
DDH	93	6,236	1983-88
DDH	4	165	2006
DDH	97	6,401	
RC	114	3,421	1983-88
RC (met test)	11	166	1983-88
RC	36	805	1994
RC	41	2,371	1997
RC	202	6,763	
Air Core	79	4,508	1983-88
Air Core (met test)	15	375	1983-88
Air Core	94	4,883	



Wapolu Mining - 1995-97



Mineralisation



- Mineralisation in veins and fault breccia matrix;
- Sulphide is fine-grained - associated with silicification and epithermal quartz veins, arsenopyrite and marcasite;
- Minor silver, mercury, antimony;

Mineralisation

Prevailing model:

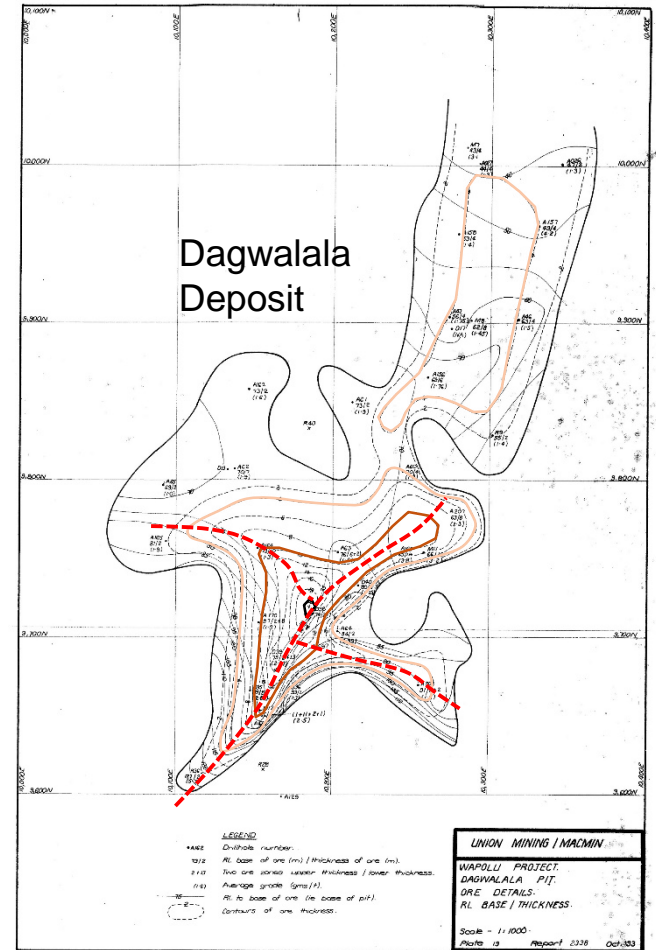
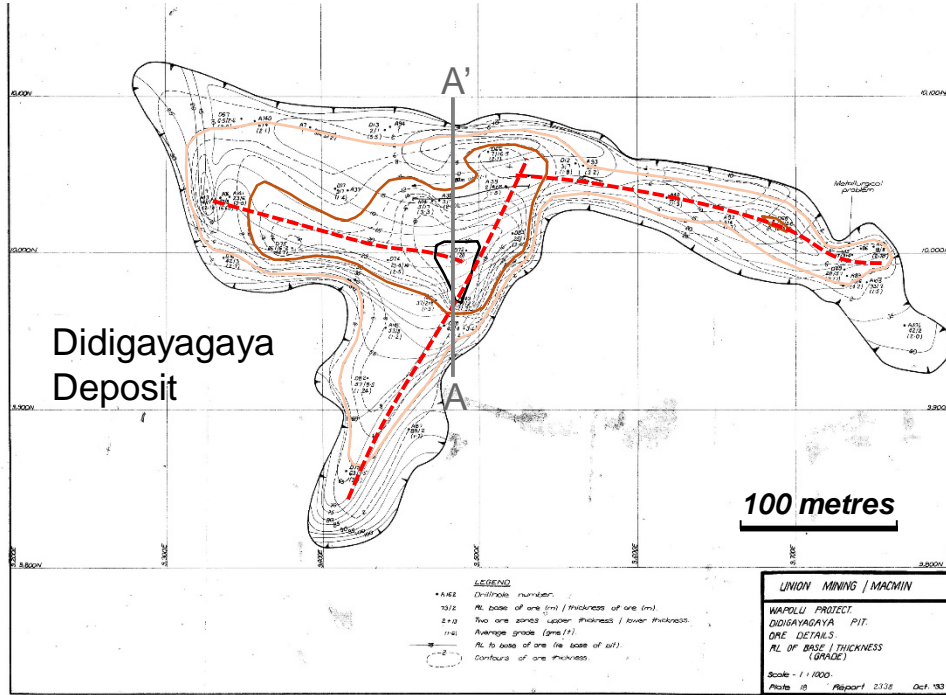
- Epithermal (HS?) related to detachment faults;
- Hydrothermal up flow assisted by Pliocene intrusions on steeply dipping transfer faults;

- Some gold is possibly slightly later and may be less refractory (LS?);
- Gold may be both sulphide-hosted and quartz-vein hosted (Dagwalala);
- Remains poorly understood

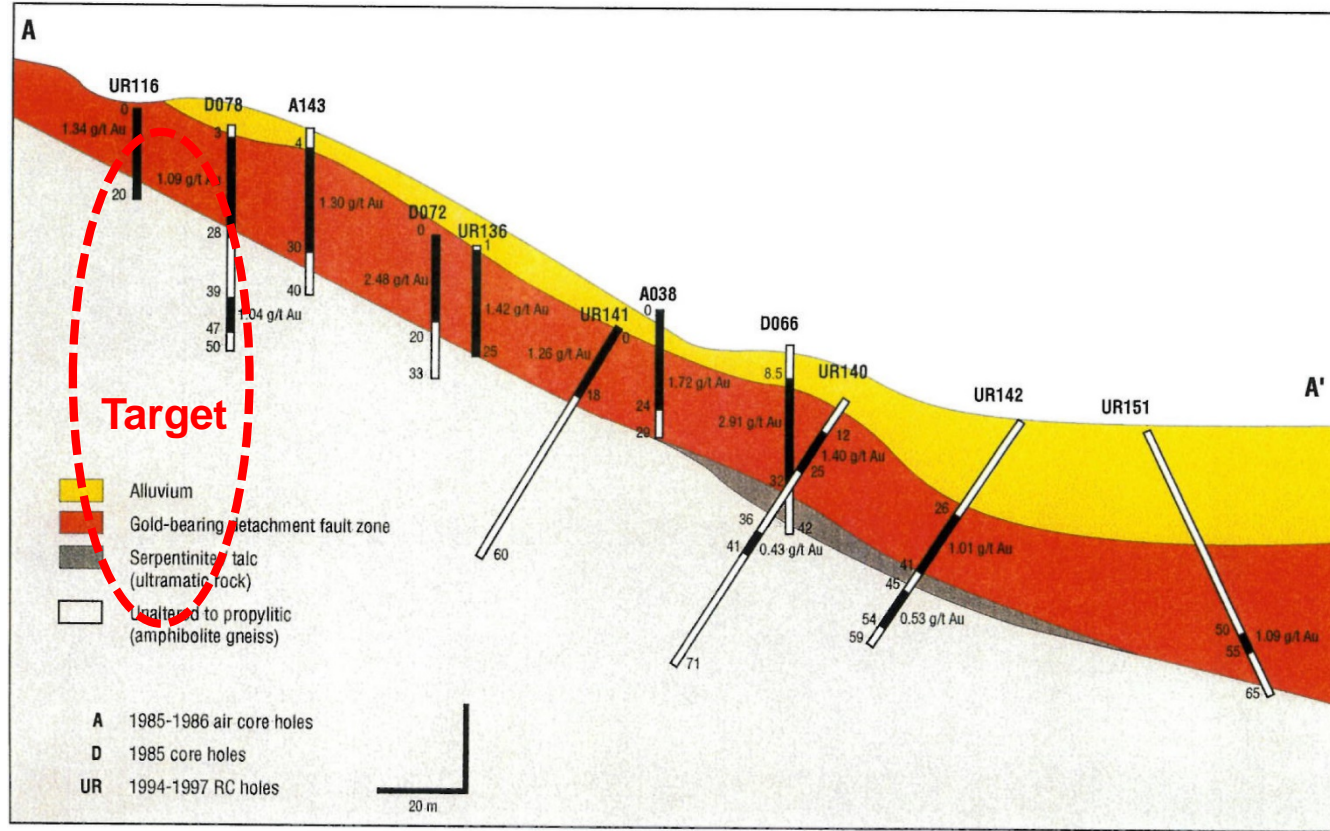
Mineralisation

- Fault breccia / mineralisation isopachs:
- Mineralised DFZ at steeper fault intersections(?)

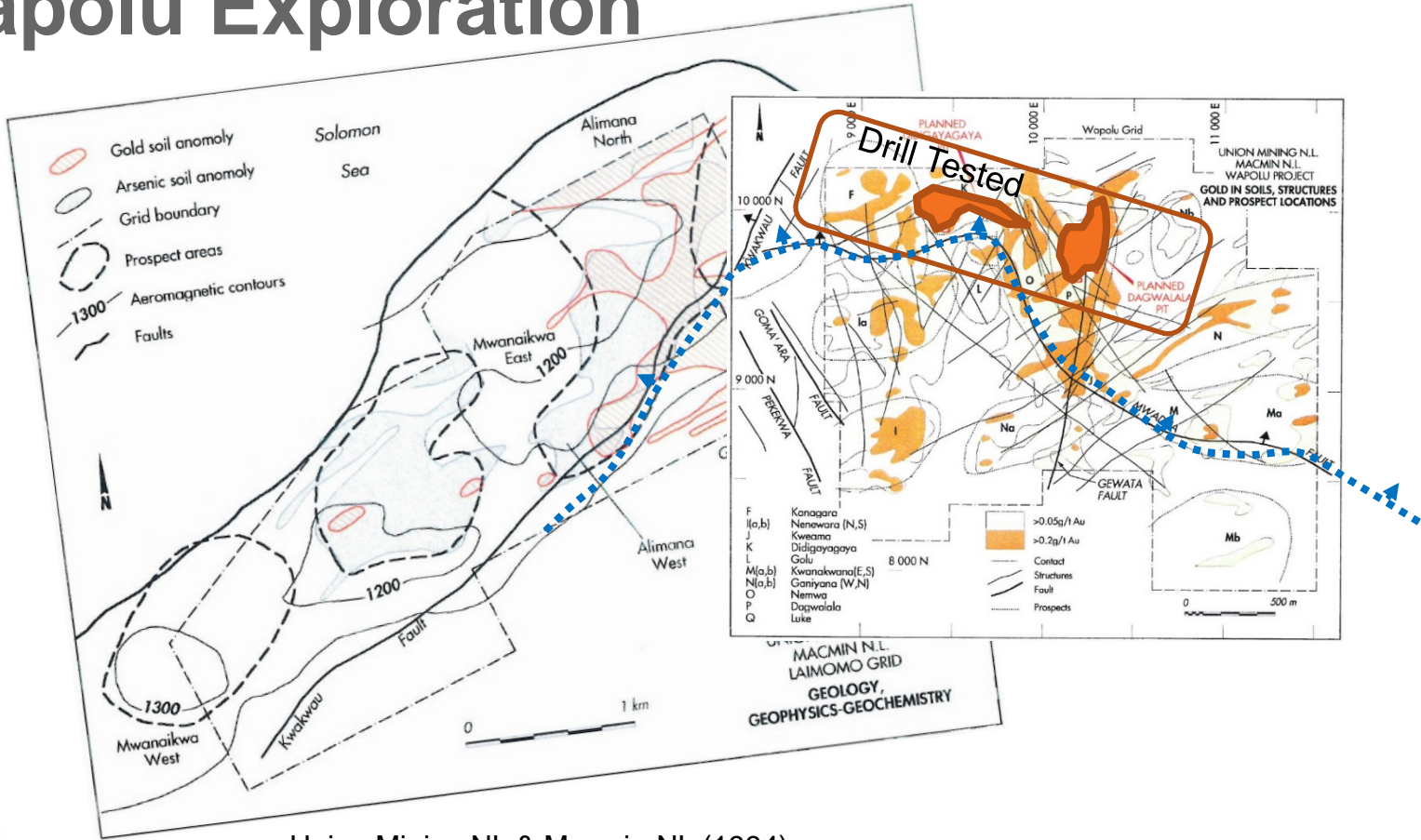
- 4m
- 10m
- 20m



Mineralisation



Wapolu Exploration



Union Mining NL & Macmin NL (1994)

West Fergusson

Mineralisation in basement
(pre-volcanic?)

Drilling Igwageta:

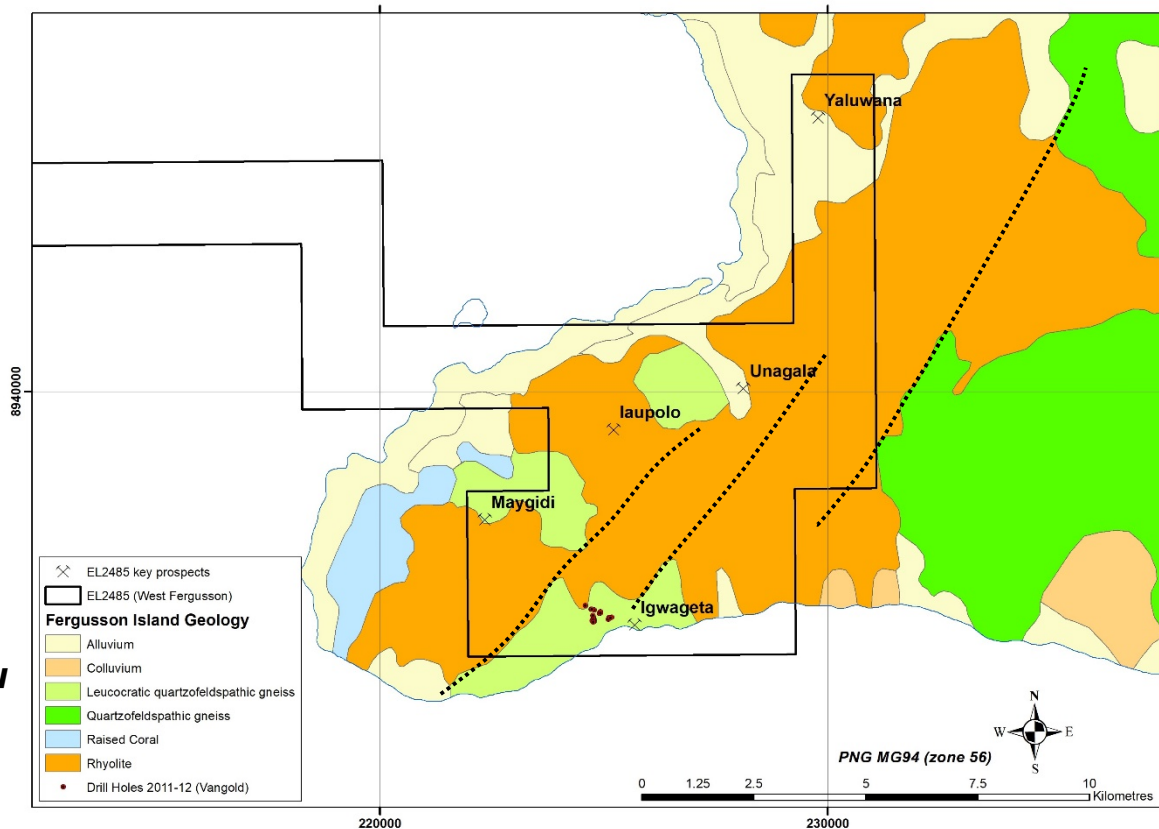
61 holes (9 DD, 52 RC)

- *IRC020* 19 m at 3.7 g/t Au
- *IRC007* 10 m at 8.1 g/t Au
- *IRC010a* 12 m at 5.9 g/t Au
- *IRC042* 10 m at 5.9 g/t Au

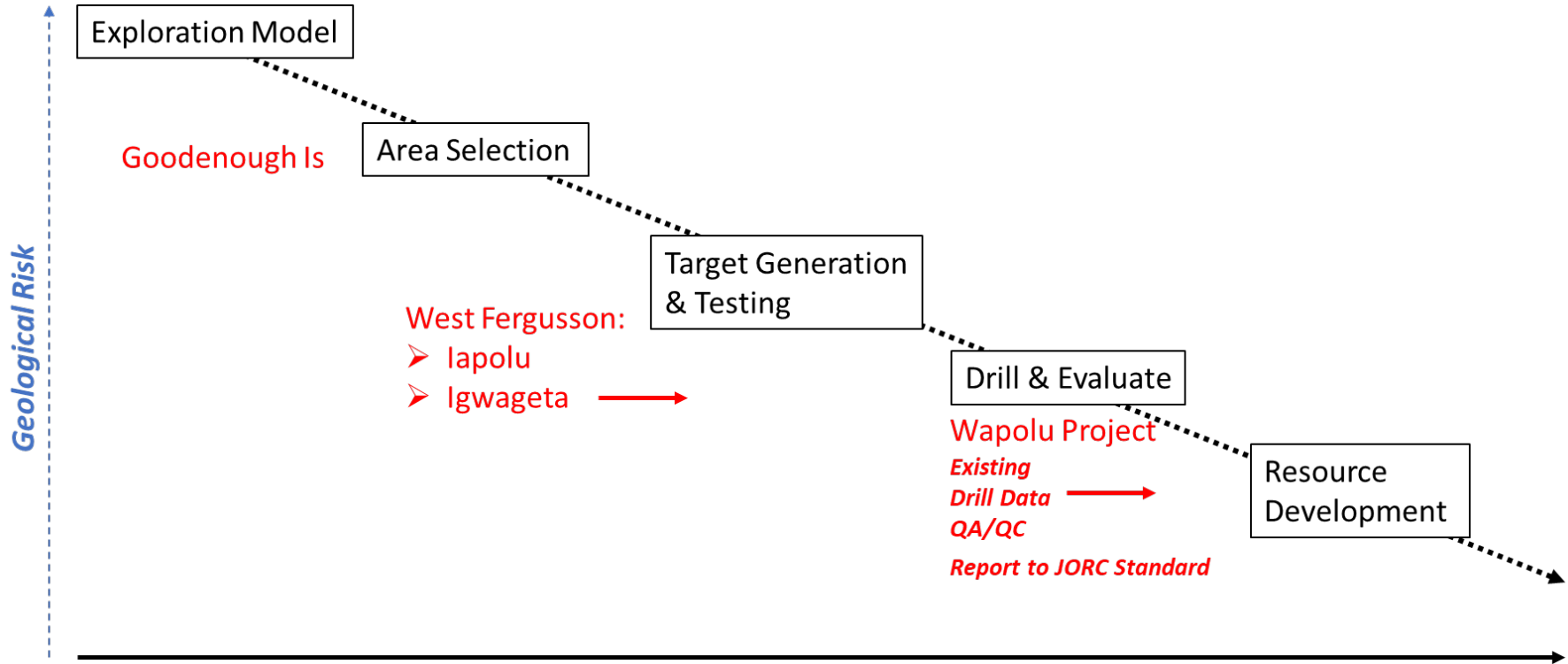
Drilling Unagala:

10 DD holes

- *UND002* 14.45 m at 4.2 g/t Au



Exploration Pathway





Tenkyu Tumas